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ADLINGTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL
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R E P O R T

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1964.

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To:- THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS of the ADLINGTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Madam Chairman, Lady and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting to you the report on the Health and Sanitary Circumstances of the District for the year ended 31st December, 1964.

According to the Registrar General's mid-June Estimates of Population, the estimated population for Adlington is 4,510 which is 110 fewer than last year's figure. It should not be assumed there has been an actual decrease in population as it is explained by the Registrar General that this is accounted for by a revised estimate.

The number of live births assignable to the District was 92 which is 5 more than in 1963, and is a record. This gives a Birth Rate of 20.4 per 1000 population (adjusted 20.4) as compared with the Birth Rate for the country as a whole of 18.4.

The number of Deaths attributed to the District was 45, one less than in the previous year, giving a Death Rate of 10.0 per 1000 population (adjusted 10.6 as compared with the Death Rate for England and Wales of 11.3. Of the 20 people who died aged 70 and over, 6 were 80 or more, and two were 92 and 95 years of age.

In regard to the cause of death, the number of deaths from malignant neoplasms was 6, the same as last year. The number of deaths from diseases of the heart was 13 - one less than in 1963. No deaths were attributed to Tuberculosis. Deaths in the lower age groups were due to cancer, coronary thrombosis and heart disease, and there was one death - a boy of 12 - from a road accident.

There were two deaths of newly-born infants, the same number as in 1963. This gives an Infantile Mortality Rate of 21.7 compared with 20.0 for the country as a whole. There were 2 stillbirths in 1964 against 3 in the previous year.

The number of cases of infectious disease notified was 50 as compared with 182 in 1963. These were - 44 Measles, 2 Whooping Cough, one Dysentery, one Meningococcal Infection and 2 Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

The Lancashire County Council is going forward with its plan for a small Health Clinic and this is to be built in Adlington in 1965.

The general standard of Housing in the District is reasonably good. More of the older type houses are becoming owner-occupied and are being modernised and improved, some under the Grants Schemes. There are, however, a small number of old houses which are to be dealt with under Slum Clearance in 1965.

Other matters relating to environmental conditions are dealt with in the Report.

No work has yet been started on the extension of the Sewage Disposal Works. Discussions are still taking place between the various authorities concerned, the main problem is the satisfactory treatment of the trade effluent from the Pin Croft Dyeing and Printing Co.Ltd. The new sewers are being dealt with. A tender for the construction of new sewers was accepted in September, the total cost of the work will be approximately £73,000.

On two occasions during the year, notification was received from the Ministry of Health regarding outbreaks of Typhoid Fever. The first concerned schoolchildren who had been on school tours abroad, and the possibility of contacts in the district; all food premises were circularised but there were no contacts. The second occasion concerned cases in Aberdeen. Again, all food premises were circularised, and many visits were made by the Public Health Inspector to Food premises to examine stocks of the suspected Tinned Meat responsible for the outbreak; fortunately, no contacts or suspected food were found in the district.

On the 3rd and 4th November, the County Council Health Department held a Dental Health Exhibition in Christ Church School. Children from all the Schools attended and saw the exhibits, and were given talks on dental care by the staff in attendance.

I wish to express my sincere appreciation of the valuable assistance which I receive from Mr. A. Livesey, Public Health Inspector and Surveyor, and of the willing co-operation of other members of the Staff.

I am very grateful to the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee for the support and consideration extended to me.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,

J. WALKER

Medical Officer of Health.

July, 1965.



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VITAL STATISTICS 1964

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Cause of Death	Sex	Total all ages	Under four weeks	4 weeks and under 1 year	1 -	5 -	15 -	25 -	35 -	45 -	55 -	65 -	75 -
Malignant Neoplasm of Lung, Bronchus	M F	1 -										1	
Malignant Neoplasm, Breast	M F	- 2								1			1
Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms	M F	- 3								1	1		
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	M F	3 2									3	1	1
Coronary Disease - Angina	M F	1 3									1	1	3
Other Heart Disease	M F	1 6									1	3	1
Other Circulatory Disease	M F	- 3									1	3	2
Pneumonia	M F	1 -										1	
Bronchitis	M F	5 4								1	2	1	2
Other Diseases of Respiratory System	M F	1 1											1
Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum	M F	1 -									1	-	
Other Defined and Ill-defined Diseases	M F	3 2	2 -									1	1
Motor Vehicle Accidents	M F	1 -				1 -							
Total all Causes	M F	17 28	2 -			1 -				3	2	9	3 14

	Live Births		Deaths (all causes)		Stillbirths		Maternal Mortality		Infant Mortality			
									Total		Neo-natal	
	Number regist- ered	Rate per 1000 (crude)	Number regist- ered	Rate per 1000 (crude)	Number regist- ered	Rate per 1000 live births	Number of Deaths regist- ered	Rate per 1000 total births	Number of Deaths regist- ered	Rate per 1000 live births	Number of Deaths regist- ered	Rate per 1000 live births
Year 1964	92	20.4	45	10.0	2	21.3	-	-	2	21.7	2	21.7
Year 1963	87	18.8	46	10.0	3	33.3	-	-	2	23.0	2	23.0
Year 1962	77	16.9	41	9.0	2	25.3	-	-	3	39.0	3	39.0
Year 1961	86	19.5	57	13.0	3	33.7	-	-	2	23.3	2	23.3
Year 1960	64	14.7	58	13.3	2	30.3	-	--	4	62.5	3	46.9
Year 1959	64	14.8	52	12.0	1	15.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Average 5 years 1959 - 1963	75.6	16.94	50.8	11.46	2.2	27.6	-	-	2.2	29.56	2.0	26.44

Adjusted (Live birth-rate - comparability Factor 1.00 = 20.4 per 1000
(Death-rate - comparability Factor 1.06 = 10.6 per 1000

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICE

Staff

Medical Officer of Health:- J. Walker, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., L.D.S., D.P.D.
Divisional Medical Officer to the Health Division No.4 Lancashire County Council, and Medical Officer of Health to the Borough of Chorley and the Fulwood, Leyland, Longridge, Walton-le-Dale Urban District Councils, and to Preston and Chorley Rural District Councils.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health: - N. T. W. Pover, L.R.C.S., L.R.F.P.S., L.M.S.S.A., D.P.H. Senior Assistant Divisional Medical Officer to the Health Division No.4 Lancashire County Council.

Laboratory Facilities

Pathological Laboratory, Preston Royal Infirmary.
Public Health Laboratory, Preston Royal Infirmary.
Pathological Laboratory, Bolton Royal Infirmary.

The Public Health Laboratory Service is directed by the Medical Research Council for the Ministry of Health, and caters for every aspect of the Public Health work of a Local Authority related to the Bacteriological and pathological examination of samples and specimens.

Ambulance Facilities

Provided by the Lancashire County Council Ambulance Service (Chorley Depot)
All the ambulance vehicles are now radio-controlled from the County Ambulance Headquarters at Broughton - Telephone: Broughton 2678.

Nursing in the Home

There is one "District Nurse" practising in the area. She is Nurse W. Burns, The Bungalow, Town Lane, Charnock Richard.
Telephone: Coppull 423.

Treatment Clinics

The "Minor Ailment" Clinic is held at Collison Avenue, Chorley.
Ancillary School Clinics (Orthopaedic, Dental and Eye, etc.) are held at Chorley and attended by practitioners of Specialist status.
Attendance is by appointment via School Medical Staff.

Tuberculosis Clinics

The Chest Clinic, 34 St. Thomas's Road, Chorley.
A Chest Physician attends.
This Clinic is also used as a consultant Clinic for chest conditions other than tuberculosis.

Hospital Facilities

Chorley and District Hospital
Eaves Lane Hospital, Chorley
Wigan Infirmary
Bolton Infirmary
Preston Royal Infirmary
Sharoe Green Hospital, Fulwood
Heath Charnock Hospital
Whelley Hospital, Wigan
Isolation Hospital, Deepdale, Preston
All administered by Manchester Regional Hospital Board.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE

These services are administered by the Lancashire County Council.

Domiciliary Facilities

There is no County Midwife resident in the District, the service is provided from adjacent areas.

Ante-natal Clinics

The large majority of the expectant mothers in the area attend the ante-natal clinic at Collison Avenue, Chorley, and avail themselves of the facilities provided by the Lancashire County Divisional Health Service.

Maternity Beds

Normal accommodation is available at Chorley and District Hospital and Eaves Lane Hospital, Chorley. Other hospitals are also available.

Infant Welfare Centre

An Infant Welfare Centre is held weekly (Wednesdays 2-4 p.m.) at the Christ Church School, Railway Road, Adlington, and is attended weekly by a Medical Officer of the Lancashire County Council, as well as the County Health Visitor.

The County Council are to build a School Clinic and Child Welfare Centre on land adjoining the newly-erected County Branch Library, which is being acquired for this purpose, in 1965.

Health Visitor

The County's Health Visitor for the area is Mrs. Ashley, Johnsons Farm, Back Lane, Heath Charnock, Chorley.

PREVENTION AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

During the year the following cases of Infectious Disease were notified:-

			<u>1964</u>	<u>1963</u>
Measles	...	...	44	178
Scarlet Fever	...	...	-	2
Meningococcal Infection	...	...	1	-
Whooping Cough	...	...	2	-
Puerperal Pyrexia...	...	...	-	1
Erysipelas	...	...	-	1
Tuberculosis	...	...	2	-
Dysentery	...	...	1	-

It is gratifying to note that this is the 20th successive year without a Diphtheria case notified.

Tuberculosis

Two new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis were added to the Register during the year, as against none last year..

The total number of cases on the Register at the end of the year was 11, of which 9 were pulmonary and 2 were non-pulmonary.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Water Supply

The water supply of the area is provided (1) from the Blackrod Reservoir by arrangement with Blackrod Urban District Council, and (2) from a tapping of the conduits taking the Manchester supply from Thirlmere by arrangement with Manchester Corporation. The supplies are interchangeable and complementary.

In 1957 a chlorinating plant was installed at Harding Street Pumphouse which deals with the Thirlmere supply, and samples of water have proved satisfactory. The Blackrod supply was already chlorinated.

During the year 16 samples of water were submitted for bacteriological examination, results in all cases were satisfactory.

The Chemical analysis of the water supply is as follows:-

Manchester Corporation, Thirlmere Aqueduct

Total solids in solution	44
Lead	0.08
Copper	0.01
Zinc	nil
Total Iron	0.2
Fluorine	0.033
pH. Value	7.2.

The amount of lead present approaches the recommended international limit of 0.1 part per million although a generally accepted limit of 0.3 part per million was formerly considered acceptable. The amounts of copper and of iron present are less than the limits of 1.0 part per million and 0.3 part per million respectively accepted for these metals. The fluoride content of the water is considerably less than the optimum recommended quantity of 1 part per million for fluoridated waters.

Blackrod Urban District Council

Total solids in solution	152
Lead	nil
Copper	nil
Zinc	nil
Total iron	0.04
Fluoride	0.084
pH. Value	7.6

The water is free from lead, copper and zinc and the amount of iron present is nominal. The fluoride content of the water is considerably less than the optimum recommended quantity of 1 part per million for fluoridated waters.

Every house in the area has a "mains supply". During the year ended 31st December, 1964 a total of 53,954,000 gallons of water was consumed for all purposes, giving an average consumption of 31.88 gallons per head of the population per day. After deducting 9,760,000 gallons of water supplied by meter to various premises during the year, this gives an average of 26.12 gallons per day for domestic use.

Drainage and Sewerage

Only 28 outlying properties are not connected to the sewerage system. Most of these have septic tanks. Sewage disposal is by precipitation and filtration over 3 coke filters at the Sewage Disposal Works at Harrisons Farm. The effluent is discharged into the River Douglas.

A Scheme for the extension of the Sewage Disposal Works and the Sewerage System, prepared by the Council's Consultant Engineers, was approved by the Lancashire County Council and submitted to the Ministry of Housing and Local Government, but the treatment of trade effluent from a local Dyeworks is still under consideration and until a decision on this is reached, no progress can be made.

The need for new and larger sewers in some parts of the district, because of development, was so urgent that a tender for these was accepted in September. Work is expected to start in January 1965. The total cost of the new sewers is approximately £73,000.

Refuse Collection and Disposal

1735 moveable dustbins are emptied weekly by the local authority. The refuse is disposed of by controlled tipping at the Council-owned Tip in Bradshaw Fields.

Cleansing of Drains and Closets

Closet accommodation:-

Privy middens - number of middens	...	3
Number of Closets attached thereto	...	3
Number of Pail Closets	...	1
Number of waste water closets	...	1
Number of freshwater closets	...	1974

The onus for the satisfactory maintenance of drains and closets is upon the property owners and such work is not undertaken by the local authority.

Public Lavatories

There are Sanitary Conveniences at Station Road and Babylon Lane, and at the Upper and Lower Recreation Grounds. The Conveniences are cleaned daily by the Council's workmen. Wilful damage is frequently occurring, and to reduce this as much as possible, the gates are locked each night.

Shops and Offices

There are 85 registered Shops in the area. No action under the Shops Act or Public Health Act, 1936 was taken during the year. The County Council are responsible for the administration of the Shops Act; your Public Health Inspector made 50 visits to these premises during the year.

Camping Sites

There are no camping sites in the area.

Smoke Abatement

Number of Factory Chimneys and Works Chimneys in the area ... 4
Number of observations taken during the year ... 8

No legal proceedings were taken for excessive smoke emissions during the year; personal contact with the firms and their boiler personnel was maintained by the Public Health Inspector.

Disinfestation of Houses

Two houses were found to be infested during the year 1964 and dealt with.

Schools

The water supply of the Schools is from the mains:

The following Schools are within the Urban District:-

- Adlington C.E. Infants School
- St. Paul's C.E. Infants School
- St. Paul's Junior School.

All the Schools have modern sanitary conveniences.

Other matters

There are in the area no Common Lodging Houses or "Houses let in Lodgings" registered; no Swimming Baths or Pools; no underground sleeping rooms; no premises where rag flock is manufactured, and no premises for the undertaking of offensive trades.

Summary of Sanitary Inspections

Number of premises visited	...	460
Number of visits made to above	...	544
Number of nuisances discovered	...	151
Number of nuisances abated	...	151
Number of informal notices served	...	38
Number of Statutory Notices served	...	1

There were no legal proceedings for the abatement of nuisances.

HOUSING

Number of new dwellings erected during the year:-

	<u>Houses</u>	<u>Flats</u>
(1) By Local Authority ...	22	-
(2) By other Local Authorities ...	-	-
(3) By other bodies or persons ...	6	-

Total number of Council owned dwellings at 31st December, 1964 was 330.

1. Inspection of Dwelling Houses during the year

(i)	(a)	Total No. of dwellings inspected formally or informally for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) ...	...	203
	(b)	No. of inspections, formal or informal, made for the purpose. ...	...	305
	(c)	No. of dwellings in (a) above found to be not in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation but capable of being rendered fit..		147
(ii)		Total No. of dwellings existing at end of year which were unfit for human habitation and not capable at reasonable expense of being rendered fit and in respect of which -		
	(a)	Demolition, Clearance or Closing Orders have been made (at any time) and still occupied ...		-
	(b)	Demolition, Clearance or Closing Orders have not yet been made ...	...	23

2. Houses demolished

In Clearance Areas -			
(i)		Houses unfit for human habitation ...	-
(ii)		Houses included by reason of bad arrangement etc. ...	-
(iii)		Houses on land acquired under Section 43(2), Housing Act, 1957. ...	-
Not in Clearance Areas -			
(iv)		As a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 17(1), Housing Act, 1957 ...	7
(v)		Local Authority owned houses certified unfit by the Medical Officer of Health ...	-
(vi)		Houses unfit for human habitation where action has been taken under local Acts ...	-
(vii)		Unfit houses included in Unfitness Orders ...	-

3. Unfit Houses Closed -

(i)		Under Sections 16(4), 17(1) and 35(1), Housing Act, 1957.	3
(ii)		Under Sections 17(3) and 26, Housing Act, 1957	-
(iii)		Parts of buildings closed under Section 18, Housing Act, 1957 ...	-

4. Unfit houses made fit and houses in which Defects were remedied

(i)		After informal action by local authority ...	146 by Owner.
(ii)		After formal notice under	
	a.	Public Health Acts ...	1 by Owner.
	b.	Sections 9 and 16, Housing Act, 1957 ...	-
(iii)		Under Section 24, Housing Act, 1957 ...	-

5. Unfit Houses in Temporary Use (Housing Act, 1957).

Position at end of year:

(1)		Retained for temporary accommodation :-	<u>No. of Houses</u>
	(a)	Under Section 48 ...	-
	(b)	Under Section 17(2) ...	-
	(c)	Under Section 46 ...	-

(2) Licensed for temporary accommodation under Sections 34 or 35.	...	...	...	No. of houses
				-

6. Purchase of Houses by Agreement

Houses in Clearance Areas other than those included in confirmed Clearance Orders or Compulsory Purchase Orders purchased during the year. -

7. Housing Act, 1949 and Housing (Financial Provisions) Act, 1958 - Improvement Grants, etc.:-

	Private Bodies or individuals		Local Authority	
	No. of Schemes	No. of Houses or other bldgs. affected	No. of Schemes	No. of Houses or other bldgs. affected
(a) Submitted by private individuals to local authority	2	12	-	-
(b) Approved by local authority	2	12	-	-
(c) Submitted by local authority to Ministry	-	-	-	-
(d) Finally approved by Ministry	-	-	-	-
(e) Work completed	--	-	-	-
(f) Additional separate dwellings included in (e) above	-		-	
(g) Any other action taken under the Act	...		None.	

8. House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959 - Standard Grants

	Private Bodies or individuals		Local Authority	
	No. of Schemes	No. of Houses or other bldgs. affected	No. of Schemes	No. of houses or other bldgs. affected
(a) Submitted by private individuals to local authority	8	8	-	-
(b) Approved by local authority	8	8	-	-
(c) Work completed	8	8	-	-

Applications for Standard Grants are coming along steadily from owner/occupiers of houses. One landlord applied for Improvement Grants in respect of 11 houses - see the table above.

HOUSING CONDITIONS

Approximately half the houses are pre-1914, many are stone built, all with slated roofs, of the 2 or 3 bedroom terraced type, the smaller ones without bathrooms or hot water systems originally. Less than 300 houses and houses with shops (other than Council houses) are not owner-occupied, and are reasonably well maintained. Most of the owner-occupied houses are well-maintained, and many of the older ones have been improved and had bathrooms installed. 400 dwellings have been built since 1945.

There is no known overcrowding.

During the year 6 new dwellings were completed for private owners and 5 dwellings were under construction at the end of 1964.

Twelve three-bedroomed houses and 10 one-bedroom bungalows were completed for the Council, during the year.

Overcrowding or Housing Shortage

During the year 23 applications - 14 for houses and 9 for bungalows - were added to the Housing List; 12 other applications were received from families living outside Adlington. Only one of the Adlington applicants was without a house, being newly married and living with parents.

Ten existing Council houses became vacant during the year and were re-let to applicants on the housing list. Two old people's bungalows were also re-let.

There were no known cases of overcrowding on the Council's list at the end of the year.

Rent Act, 1957

Part II of the First Schedule

No. of applications for Certificates of Disrepair	...	Nil
No. of Certificates issued	...	Nil
No. of Undertakings given by Landlords to remedy defects	...	Nil
No. of Applications in which defects were remedied immediately after Local Authority's Notice	...	Nil
No. of Applications withdrawn	...	Nil
No. of Certificates of Disrepair revoked	...	Nil

Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.

	Class of premises				
	Offices	Retail shops	Wholesale shops, warehouses	Catering Establish: open to public, Canteens.	Fuel storage depots
(a) No. of registered premises at end of year	6	19	2	3	-
(b) No. of registered premises receiving a general inspection during year	6	19	2	3	-
(c) No. of exemptions current at end of year:-	-	-	-	-	-
Space (S.5(2))	-	-	-	-	-
Temperature (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary conveniences (S.9)	-	-	-	-	-
Washing facilities (S.10)	-	-	-	-	-

The Public Health Inspector made 51 visits to registered premises. There were no prosecutions.

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 to 1959

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories Acts, 1937 Part I of the Act

1. Inspections made for the purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspector).

Premises	Number on Register	Number of		
		Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers prosecuted
(1) Factories in which sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by the Local Authority	2	2	-	-
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	31	19	1	-
(3) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authority (excluding Outworkers' Premises)	-	-	-	-
Total	33	21	1	-

2. Cases in which defects were found.

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions insttd.
	Found	Remedied	Referred To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	1	1	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)	-				
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-				
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-				
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-				
Sanitary conveniences (S.7)					
a. Insufficient	1	1	-	1	-
b. Unsuitable or defective	-				
c. Not separate for sexes	-				
Other offences against the Act (Not including offences relating to Outwork.)	-				
Total	2	2	-	1	-

Part VIII of the Act

Outwork

Nature of work	Section 110			Section 111		
	No. of outworkers in August list	No. of cases of default in sending lists to Council	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Notices served	Prosecutions
Nil	Nil	-	-	-	-	-

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Milk Supply

There are 3 producer-retailers with premises in Adlington and 4 retailers with premises outside the district retailing milk in Adlington. In addition, there are 5 shops licensed to sell Sterilized Milk.

The licensing of Milk Retailers is now the responsibility of the Lancashire County Council and not the local authority.

Brucellosis

During the year a brucella infection involving one animal was discovered amongst cattle on a small dairy farm. The infected animal was removed from the herd and slaughtered.

Laboratory examination of samples of milk from other animals in the herd showed them to be free from the infection.

Milk infected with brucella organisms may cause undulant fever. Such milk, however, can be rendered safe by heat treatment.

Meat

There is no licensed Slaughterhouse within the district. All slaughtering is done at Chorley Abattoir.

There are 6 butchers and one Pork Butcher in the district, and 8 visits were made to these shops during the year.

Other Foods

Places where other foods are prepared or kept for sale are inspected frequently by the Public Health Inspector.

There are 6 small bakehouses and 4 fried fish shops in the district - all are kept in a satisfactory condition.

32 inspections of places where food is prepared were made during the year by the Public Health Inspector.

The following list gives the number of food premises by type of business in the district at the end of the year under review :-

General Grocers and provision dealers	...	23
Greengrocers and Fruiterers (inc. Fishmongers etc.)	...	5
Fishmongers (inc. Poultry, Game etc.) only	...	-
Meat Shops (Butchers, cooked & preserved meat etc.)	...	7
Bakers and/or Confectioners	...	8
Fried Fish Shops	...	4
Shops selling mainly sugar confectionery, minerals		
Ice-cream, etc.	...	6
Licensed premises, clubs, canteens, cafes, snack bars	...	19

Unsound Food

During the year, the following food was surrendered as unfit for human consumption:-

Tinned Meat	...	10 lbs.
Tinned Vegetables	...	9 lbs.
Tinned Milk	...	16 pints.
Tinned Fruit	...	8 lbs.

Ice-cream

Ice-cream retailed in shops throughout the district is confined to pre-packed standard brands, but 3 small manufacturers from neighbouring districts retail from travelling vans in Adlington.

Food Hygiene Regulations

50 visits have been made to food premises during the year, and it is apparent that retailers are observing the Food Hygiene Regulations as far as they possibly can, and in no case has statutory action been necessary.

Food Poisoning

There were no cases of food poisoning notified during the year.

Liquid Egg (Pasteurisation) Regulations, 1963.

- (i) No. of egg pasteurisation plants in district at end of year ... None
- (ii) No. of samples of liquid egg submitted to Alpha-Amylase test and their results None
- (iii) There are no liquid egg pasteurisation plants in this area and from enquiries made by the Public Health Inspector, no liquid egg is used by local confectioners.

RODENT CONTROL

The following table gives the work done during the year:

	Type of Property				Total
	Local Authority	Dwelling houses	Agric-cultural	All other inc. business prem:	
Total number of properties in Local Authority's district	8	1513	12	311	1844
No. of properties inspected by Local Authority during 1964 as a result of (a) Notification (b) Survey or otherwise	(a) -	13	-	5	18
	(b) 8	23	8	5	44
No. of properties inspected (see above) found to be infested with rats	Major -	-	-	-	-
	Minor 2	10	-	1	13
No. of properties inspected (see above) found to be infested seriously with mice	Minor -	3	-	3	6
	Serious -	-	-	-	-
No. of Block Control Schemes carried out			nil		

